



School Dog Policy

Drtek

Governors Approved Date and signature of Chair of Governors:

Review date: May 2022

Next review : May 2025

Introduction

Children can benefit educationally and emotionally, increase their understanding of responsibility and develop empathy and nurturing skills through contact with a dog. In addition to these benefits, children take great enjoyment from interaction with a dog.

Is there a risk in bringing a dog into a school environment?

Yes there is, though there are a variety of accidents, which can happen within the school environment, which far exceed the number of injuries or incidents caused by a dog. Therefore, it is a risk that needs to be managed. A thorough risk assessment has been carried out and is available on request.

Dogs are not allowed anywhere on the school site at any time unless specifically authorised by the Head Teacher. This includes drop off and collection times. This policy outlines measures put in place to allow the school dog to be present.

School Policy

The dog will be owned by Miss Russell-Lacy.

- The Governors have the right to refuse entry to the dog.
- Only the school dog is allowed on the premises. All other dogs must not come on site unless they are a known therapy or assistance dog and the Head Teachers have been informed beforehand.
- The dog is a Lhasa Apso chosen because it is an intelligent breed that will respond well to training and which is known to be good with children, which sheds little hair and is very sociable and friendly.
- The Chair of Governors, and the governing board agree that a school dog will benefit the children and staff of Causeway Green Primary School.
- Staff, parents and children have been informed by letter that a dog will be in school. A risk assessment has been produced and this will be reviewed annually.
- Staff, visitors and children known to have allergic reactions to dogs must not go near the dog.
- All visitors will be informed on arrival that there is a dog in school.
- If the dog is ill he will not be allowed into school.
- The dog will be kept on a lead when moving between classrooms or on a walk and will be under the full control and supervision of a trained adult.
- Children must never be left alone with the dog and there must be appropriate adult supervision at all times.
- Children will be regularly reminded of what is appropriate behaviour around the dog.
- Children should remain calm around the dog. They should not make sudden movements and must never stare into a dog's eyes as this could be threatening for the dog.
- Children should not put their face near a dog and should always approach it standing up.
- Children should never go near or disturb the dog that is sleeping or eating.
- Children must not be allowed to play roughly with the dog.
- If the dog is surrounded by a large number of children, the dog could become nervous and agitated. Therefore, the adult in charge of the dog must ensure that s/he monitors the situation.

- Dogs express their feelings through their body language. Growling or bearing of teeth indicate that the dog is feeling angry or threatened. Flattened ears, tail lowered or between their legs, hiding behind their owner, whining or growling are signs that the dog is frightened or nervous. If the dog is displaying any of these warning signs he should be immediately removed from that particular situation or environment.
- Children should not eat close to the dog.
- Children should be careful to stroke Banksy on his body gently. Children should always wash their hands after handling a dog.
- Any dog foul should be cleaned immediately and disposed of appropriately.
- Parents will be consulted on allowing their pupils' access to the dog.
- All visitors will be informed about the dog and related protocols on arrival and office staff will relay visitor issues to the Headteacher asap.
- The office will know the whereabouts of the dog and which staff are supervising at all times.
- The adult responsible for the dog will be responsible for evacuating him in the case of a fire or emergency.

Actions

If someone reports an issue with the dog, this information must be passed to the Headteacher or Deputy Head as soon as possible. All concerns will be responded to by the Headteacher.

Roles and Responsibilities

The Governors have a responsibility to ensure that the school has a written policy for dogs in school.

The Headteacher is responsible for implementing this policy.

All staff, pupils, parents and visitors must follow this policy.

The curriculum will support learning about dogs and how best to behave around our dog.

This will include highlighting that not all dogs are well trained and that caution must be used around unknown dogs outside school.

Reasons to have a dog in school

Research has shown that dogs in school can help to achieve the following:

1. Improve academic achievement
2. Increase literacy skills
3. Calming behaviours
4. Increase social skills and self-esteem
5. Increase confidence
6. Teach responsibility and respect for all life
7. Improve attendance
8. Motivate children who are often less attentive

Frequently Asked Questions

1. Who is the legal owner of the dog and who pays for its costs?

The legal owner of the dog is Miss Russell-Lacey; she will bear the costs associated with owning the dog; the school budget will support insurance and staff training costs where appropriate.

2. Will the dog be a distraction?

The dog will be kept in the office area. The office is separate from classrooms and the playground to ensure that the dog only comes into contact with children who are happy to have contact and who have parental permission for this, under strict supervision.

The dog will also have a space to spend time in classrooms, the library and in the grounds where children can interact safely.

The dog will also attend meetings with staff to support further socialisation, following consultation with staff beforehand.

3. Has a risk assessment been undertaken?

Yes, the risk assessment is in place and will be reviewed annually. We have carefully considered having a dog in school and sought advice from many sources, including other schools that successfully have a school dog.

4. Who is responsible for training?

Miss Russell-Lacy will be the legal owner of the dog and as a result, will be responsible for its training. Appropriate training has been obtained through the Kennel Club.

5. How will the dog be toileted to ensure hygiene for all?

In the interest of health and hygiene our school dog will be toileted when taken out for short walks in an area not used by children. Only staff members will clear this away appropriately leaving no trace on the ground, cleaning the area with disinfectant if needed. Our policy of no dogs in the playground is still applicable as we are unable to put effective control measures in place that guarantee temperament and safety when children come into unsupervised contact with unknown dogs.

6. How will the dog's welfare be considered?

The dog will be walked regularly and given free time outside. Parents will be able to give permission in advance to allow their child to be able to walk with a member of staff and the dog during that time. This will also be used as a behaviour reward, in line with our behaviour policy. The dog will be kept in the admin area/SBM office and will only have planned and supervised contact with children and visitors. The dog will be carefully trained over a period of time and will have access to water and will be fed at home. We will work carefully to ensure the dog's welfare is always considered.

7. How will this be managed where children have allergies?

Children will not need to touch the dog, which will relieve the possibility of allergic reactions. We already manage a number of allergies at school and this will be no different for children and adults that are allergic to dogs. Individual needs will always be met and we are happy to work with parents to put additional control measures in place for individual allergies. The breed of dog is known for minimal moulting and recognised as being hypo allergenic and is regularly groomed to reduce any possibility of allergens.

8. My child is frightened of dogs; how will you manage this?

Access to the dog is carefully managed and supervised and children do not need to have close contact with it unless permission for this has been given. We hope to work closely with parents of children who are fearful of dogs to alleviate their fear and to teach them how to manage this.